



15 Relevant Singapore Laws

Littering

Littering offenses carry fines of up to S\$300 and community work.

Killer litter offenders can be fined up to S\$2,000 and 5 years imprisonment.

Spitting

Spitting offenses carry fines of up to S\$500 and community work.

Jay-walking

Offenders, if sentenced, may get a penalty of up to 3 months' in jail. However, usually one gets away with a \$50 fine.

Eating in MRT

Eating is prohibited on the Mass-Rapid-transit (MRT). If you are caught you can be fined for up to \$500.

Chewing Gum

Under the Control and Manufacture Act of Singapore, any import and sale of chewing gum in Singapore, apart from certain types of gum with therapeutic value, is an offence.

Vandalism

Vandalism involves fine and caning.

Cigarette possession

In possession or dealing with duty unpaid cigarettes are serious offences under the Customs and GST Acts

The penalties are based on the number of sticks of cigarettes in question, which can be found on this web page: <https://www.hsa.gov.sg/tobacco-regulation/overview><http://www.customs.gov.sg/leftnav/trav/Customs+Offences.html>

Smoking Prohibition

The Singapore government bans smoking in public places except for officially designated smoking areas.

Offenders may be fined up to S\$1,000.

Drug Possession

The most serious of all offences:

Singapore has executed hundreds of people for drug offences.

Any person importing, exporting, or found in possession of more than the following quantities of drugs receives a mandatory death sentence:

--1200 grams of opium and containing more than 30 grams of morphine

--30 grams of morphine

--15 grams of diamorphine (heroin)

--30 grams of cocaine

--500 grams of marijuana (cannabis)

--1000 grams of cannabis mixture

--200 grams of cannabis resin

--250 grams of methamphetamine